

Muon Collider Workshop -BNL
Front End Studies
International Design Study &
Muon Collider

David Neuffer

FNAL

(December 8, 2009)

- **Front End for the Neutrino Factory/MC**
 - Concepts developed during study 2A

- **Concern on V_{rf}' as function of B_{sol}**

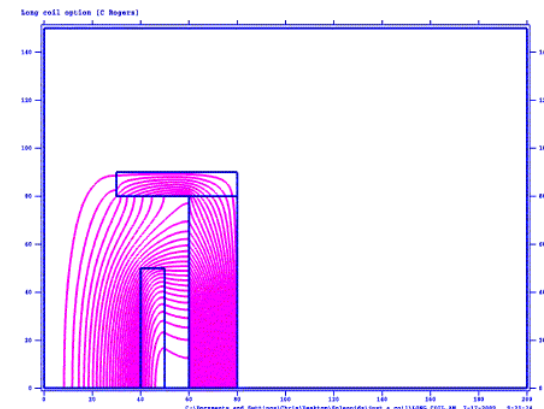
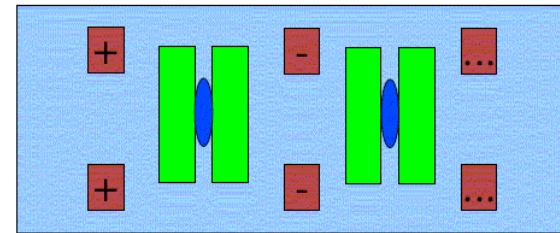
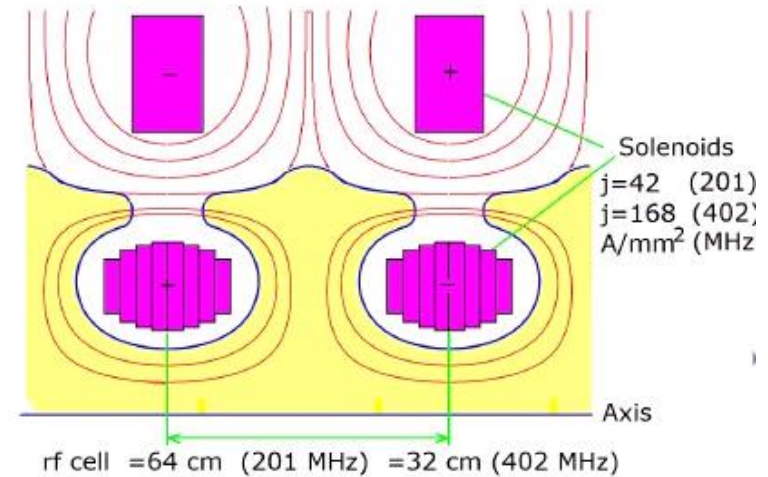
- **Need baseline design for IDS**
 - need baseline for engineering study
 - ~lower fields; medium bunch length

- **Insulated rf lattice**
 - recent results show similar insulated/uninsulated simulation results

- **Shielded rf cooling channel**

- **Front End with reduced rf/B requirements**

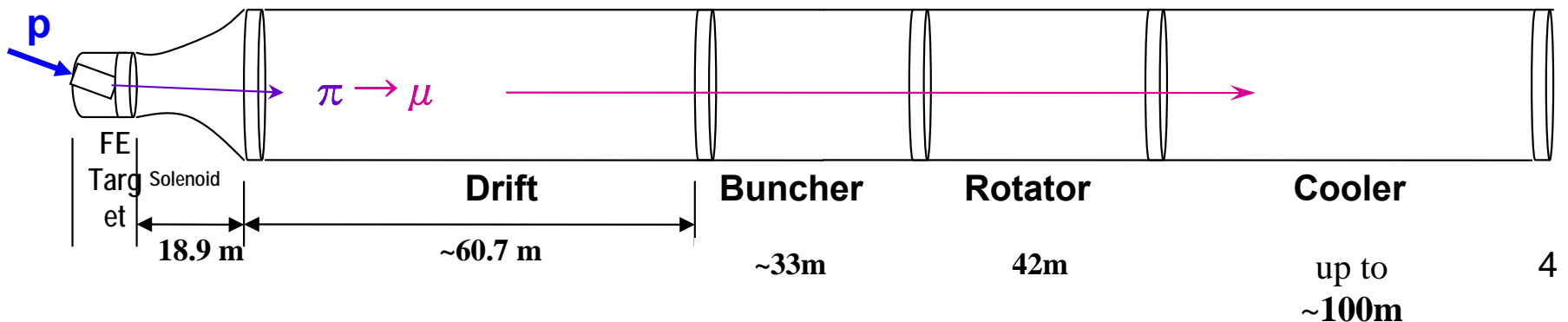
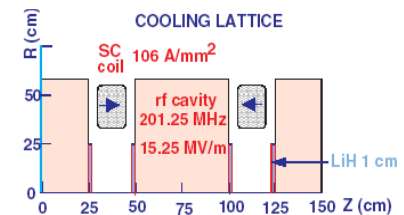
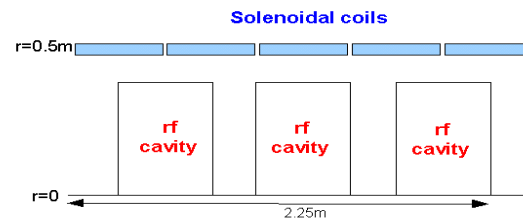
- **Front End Cooling**
 - "snake"
 - match into HCC



- Change reference B-field to 1.5T
 - constant B to end of rotator

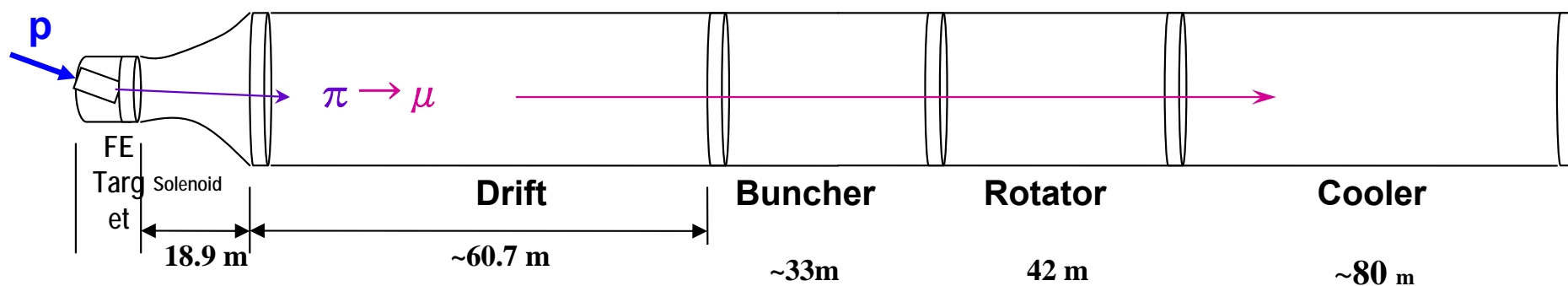
- changing to $n_B = "12"$ example
 - A bit longer than $n_B = 10$
 - optimize with lower fields
 - $V'_{rf} < 12 \text{ MV/m}$

- Will see if we can get "better" optimum

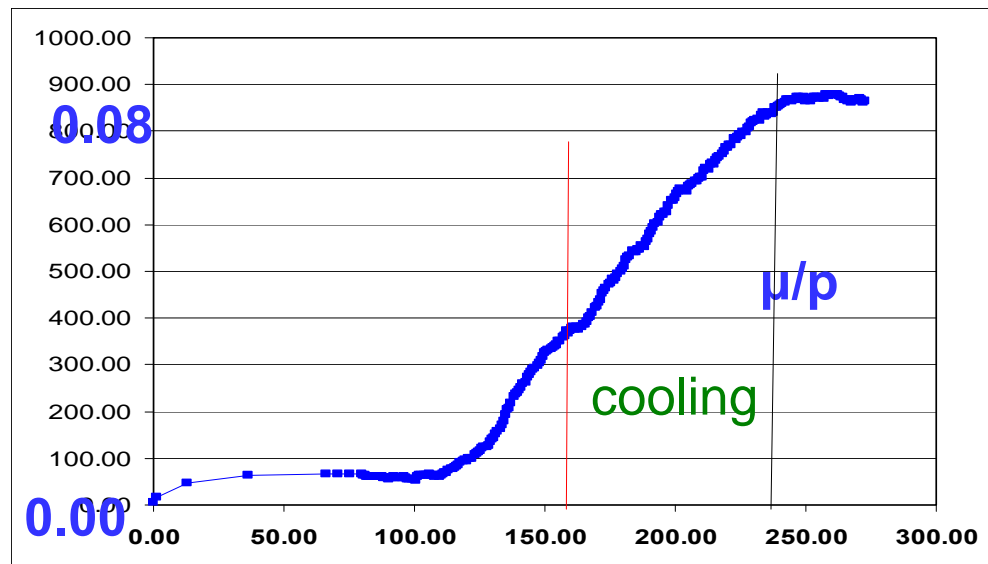


High-frequency Buncher and ϕ -E Rotator

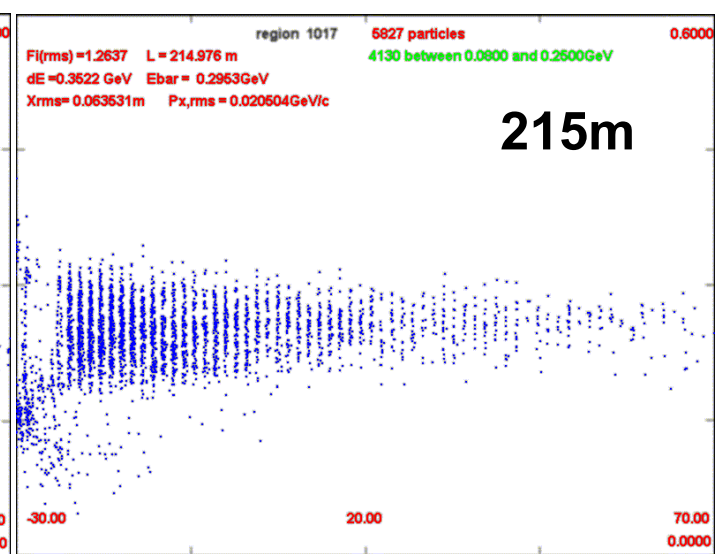
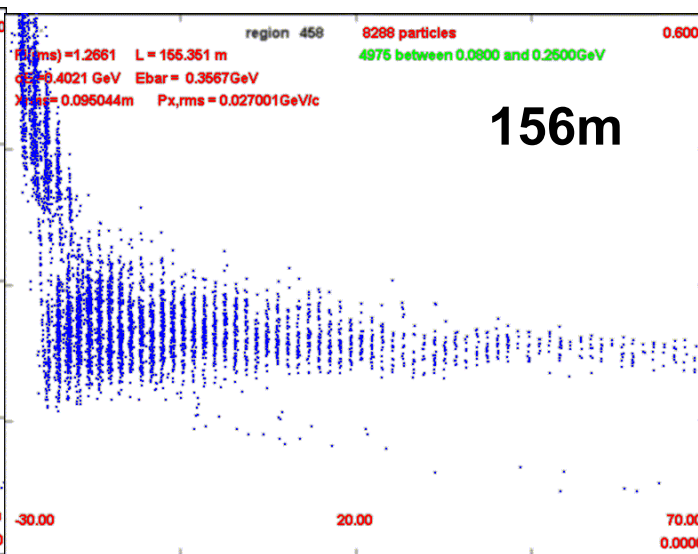
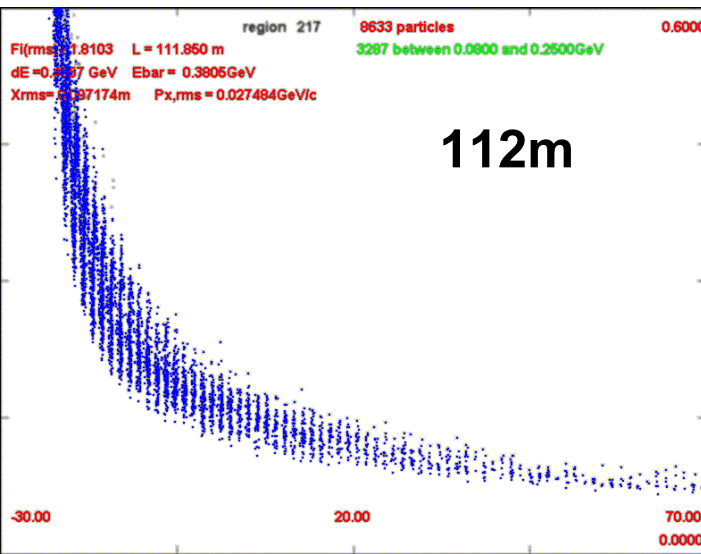
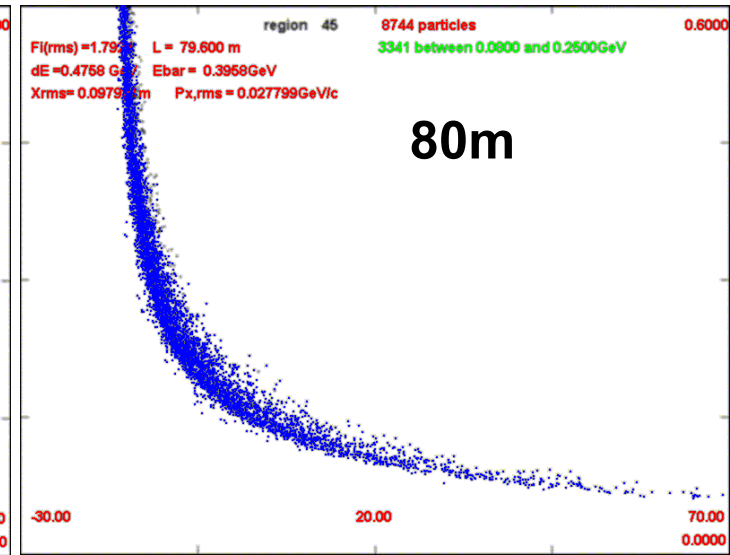
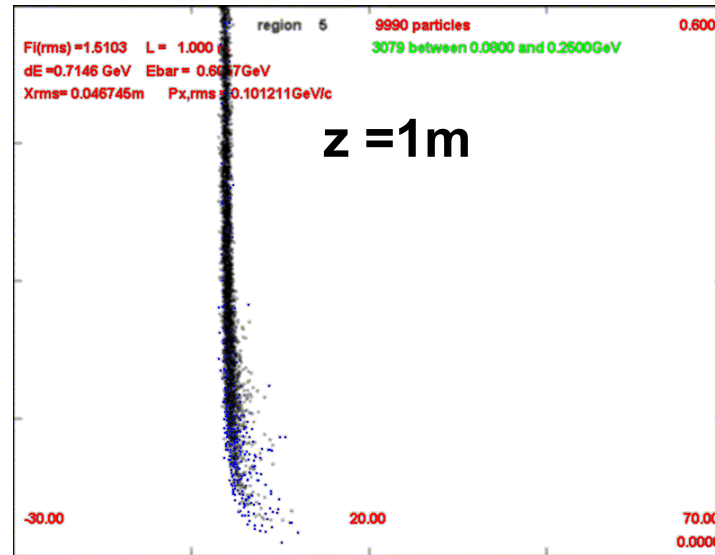
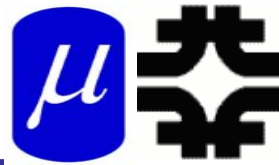
- Drift ($\pi \rightarrow \mu$)
- "Adiabatically" bunch beam first (weak 320 to 232 MHz rf)
- Φ -E rotate bunches - align bunches to \sim equal P (233MeV/c)
 - 232 to 202 MHz, 12MV/m
- Cool beam 201.25MHz



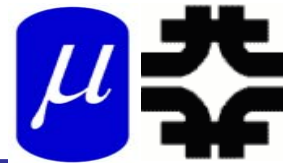
- **Initial drift from target to buncher is 79.6m**
 - 18.9m (adiabatic $\sim 20\text{T}$ to $\sim 1.5\text{T}$ solenoid)
 - 60.7m (1.5T solenoid)
- **Buncher rf - 33m**
 - 320 \rightarrow 232 MHz
 - 0 \rightarrow 9 MV/m (2/3 occupancy)
 - B=1.5T
- **Rotator rf -42m**
 - 232 \rightarrow 202 MHz
 - 12 MV/m (2/3 occupancy)
 - B=1.5T
- **Cooler (50 to 90m)**
 - ASOL lattice, $P_0 = 232\text{MeV}/c$,
 - Baseline has 15MV/m, 2 1.1 cm LiH absorbers /cell



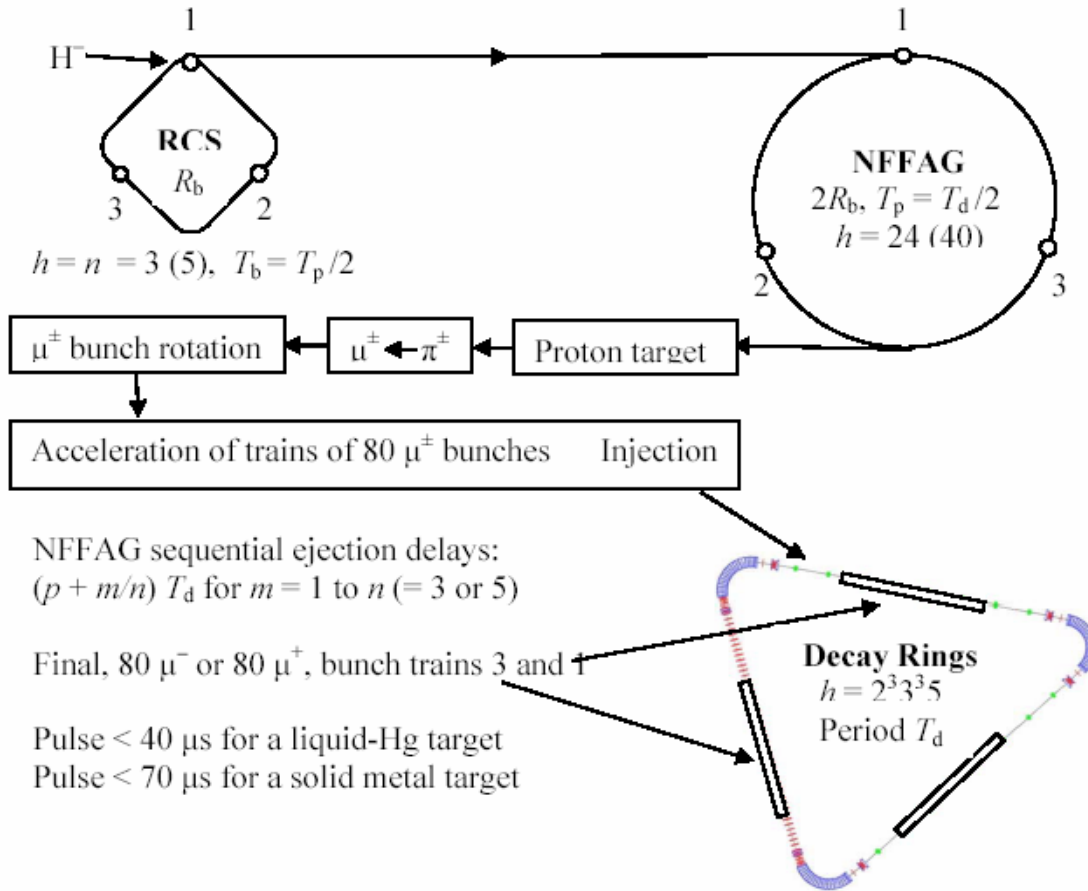
progression through system



How Long a Bunch Train for IDS?



- ISS study allotted space for 80 bunches (120m long train)
 - 80m or 54 bunches is probably plenty

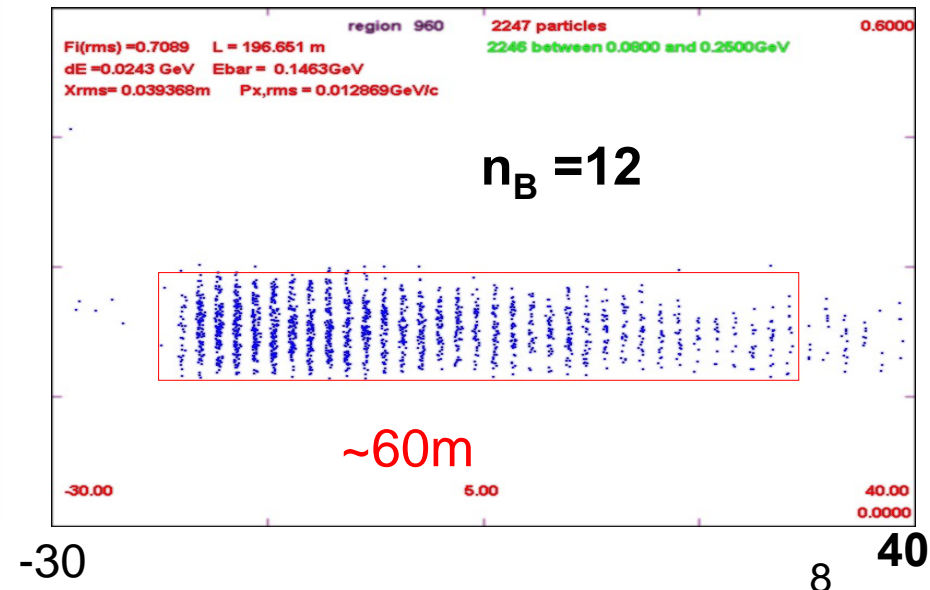
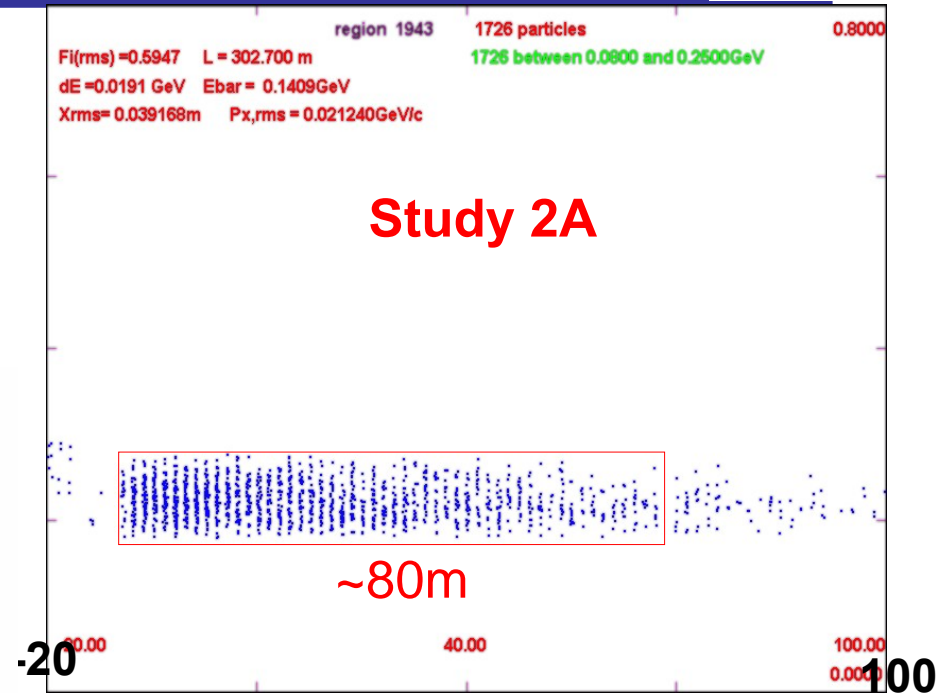


NFFAG sequential ejection delays:
 $(p + m/n) T_d$ for $m = 1$ to $n (= 3 \text{ or } 5)$

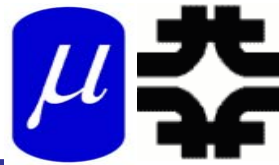
Final, 80 μ^- or 80 μ^+ , bunch trains 3 and 4

Pulse < 40 μs for a liquid-Hg target

Pulse < 70 μs for a solid metal target



Varying Buncher/Rotator Voltage



- Vary buncher/rotator gradients from baseline to explore sensitivity to gradient limits.
 - same baseline cooling channel (16MV/m, 1.15cm LiH)
 - 15 MV/m → 1.1cm Li H
- Somewhat less sensitive than previous

Buncher / Rotator	0/0	3/6	4/7	5/8	6/9	7/10	8/11	9/12	10/13	11/14
$\mu/8\text{GeVp}$ at 240m ($\times 10$)	.136	.508	.686	.753	.797	.800	.831	.857	.821	.839

➤ Buncher

- 319.63, 305.56, 293.93, 285.46, 278.59, 272.05, 265.80, 259.83, 254.13, 248.67, 243.44, 238.42, 233.61 (13 f)
- ~100MV total

➤ Rotator

- 230.19, 226.13, 222.59, 219.48, 216.76, 214.37, 212.28, 210.46, 208.64, 206.90, 205.49, 204.25, 203.26, 202.63, 202.33 (15 f)
- 336MV total

➤ Cooler

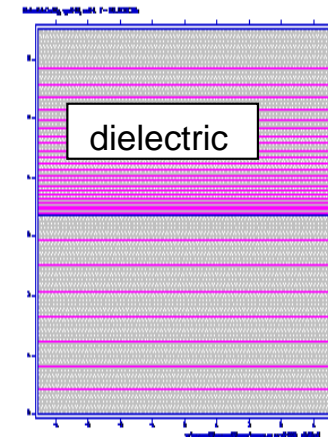
- 201.25MHz -up to 75m ~750MV

➤ Move toward “realistic” configuration

- More realistic B-field
 - $B = 1.5\text{T} \rightarrow$ coil-based fields
- add Be windows
- smaller number of rf frequencies

➤ Set up design for cost algorithm

- rf cavity design (pillbox, dielectric)
- rf power requirements
- Magnet design



➤ Continuing front end IDS design study

- C. Rogers, G. Prior, D. Neuffer, C. Yoshikawa, K. Yonehara, Y. Alexahin, M. Popovic, Y. Torun, S. Brooks, S. Berg, J. Gallardo ...

- Fermilab meeting (July)
- ~Biweekly phone Conference
- Meeting at RAL
 - December 14-18
- April at Fermilab (IDS meeting)

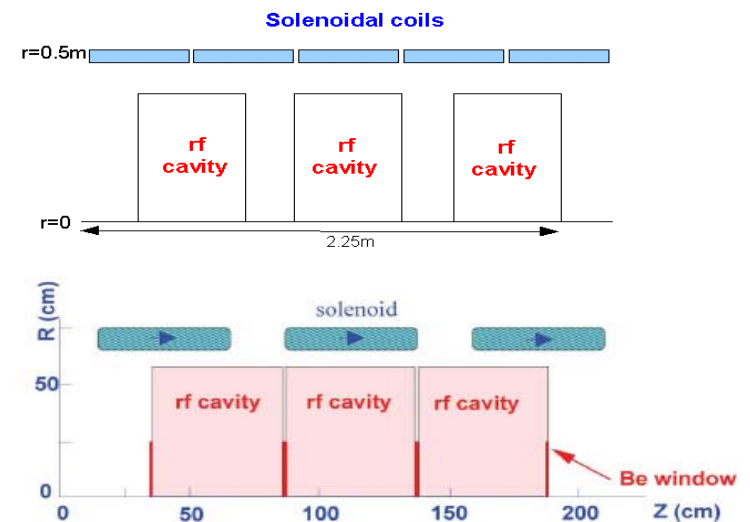


FIG. 9. (Color) Schematic of a cell at the beginning of the phase rotator section.