Fame shone on Norfolk model rocket pioneer and fireworks builder

By JERRY GUENTHER    Jul 3, 2008

Orville Carlisle of Norfolk was once featured in Esquire magazine in the mid-1980s. He was shown in the fireworks museum created in the back of the shoe store he started on Norfolk’s main street.

Friends and family of the late Orville Carlisle will point out that he never sought the spotlight.

Yet in the 1950s until his death in 1988, the Norfolkan couldn't help but be noticed around the world.

As a boy and young man, he was respected for his interest and knowledge in fireworks and model rocketry around Norfolk and Northeast Nebraska. But his name took off in 1954 when he devised a model rocket that took four years to get patented.

The rocket could be launched from to 100 to 1,000 feet - depending on the charge. Then once in air, there was a second explosion where a parachute emerged and the rocket would then drift safely back to earth where it could be retrieved and reused.
The concept was especially appreciated by children and hobbyists because it saved lots of money. Only the inner workings would have to be purchased to blast off the rocket again.

It was 50 years ago this week - on July 1, 1958 - that Carlisle received his patent for the "Rock-A-Chute" reusable system.

"He had been making them in his basement to sell (before the patent)," recalls his daughter, Margaret Carlisle of Norfolk.

It was an exciting time for model rocketry in the 1950s, she said. The Russians had launched Sputnik, the satellite that began the space race between the United States and the Soviet Union.

From "Popular Mechanics" to hobby magazines, Carlisle was featured in many articles. Often times, he was contacted through letters or at conventions by people telling him how much they appreciated his patent.

"We'd get letters from people - kids especially - saying 'You saved my life.' My friend just killed himself trying to make a rocket with a drain pipe and gun powder or just about anything," she said. "I saw (your invention) and I was getting ready to do something stupid.' A lot of kids lost eyes or arms trying their own thing."

Carlisle said that even later in his life, her father was contacted by people who grew up in that era telling him how much they appreciated his discovery.

"It was always safety first with dad," she said. "He was extremely safety conscience."
From toy shows to pyrotechnics conventions, Orville Carlisle was in demand.

Mary Carlisle, his widow, recalls in the late 1950s being at one of the toy shows with him in Chicago.

Although Carlisle was placed in the back corner of the show attended by thousands of people, he quickly became the focal point, with lines extending all over, waiting for a chance to visit with him, she said.

Mrs. Carlisle said he hardly ever let her shoot off any fireworks or rockets. Yet he often asked her with help figuring out formulas. "He was no mathematician," Mrs. Carlisle said.

Margaret Carlisle said she remembers her father often returned from toy shows with gifts for her and her brother, the late Jim Carlisle.

Margaret Carlisle said that among the vendor samples her father obtained at one of the shows was "Play-Doh" - years before it became a household product.

But it wasn't just model rockets and fireworks enthusiasts who tapped into his knowledge. Margaret Carlisle and Mary Carlisle both can remember times when the FBI or officials from NASA contacted him to ask him about explosives and pyrotechnics.

There were times when based on his knowledge of explosives, law enforcement officials were able to obtain information that led to an arrest of bombings, they said.

When Ronald Reagan was going to be inaugurated as president in 1980, an official at the Smithsonian Institution in Washington, D.C., contacted him to find out what impact the fireworks could have on buildings and artifacts.

"For someone who hated to leave town, he sure had a lot of friends," Margaret Carlisle said.

Mrs. Carlisle said her husband loved kids and they loved him. She said she remembers one time when she was canning pears, two boys came to the door and asked, "Can Orville come out and play?" she said.

Carlisle also became a leading collector of fireworks from the back of the Carlisle shoe store on main street. Some of the labels dated back to the 1850s.
"His favorite colors were anything - as long as they were red, white and blue," Margaret Carlisle said. "And the three things he liked to do best were shoot the breeze, shoot fireworks and shoot ducks. And it probably was in that order."